HIS SUPERIOR OFFICER. THE REASONS THEREFOR.

The Franklin Boys' Farewell-A Fine gecord-May Give Them a State Flag-Pay-Day at Camp Alger-Camp Notes.

MCKSONVILLE, FLA., July 14.-(Speate Thomas Jackson, of Com-R Fourth Regiment, who was tried al court-martial for striking Salamonsky, some time ago,

found Jackson guilty, sento be dishonorably discharged ice of the United States, and oned six months, with hard at Arnold, commanding the rders Jackson set free. ven for the order is that

of the court who were not first trial, and had not been et at liberty. The order rehe ends of justice have been ting that the case was one nt insubordination. the entire brigade there is

disapproval of the decision ng officer, though, of course, Ill not freely nor openly dis-General Arnold has cond upon the colonels the maintaining discipline, and I who tries harder to obuge aging in the extreme to meet ses to his crime, including rrespondent, Jackson never t and while every one is cognized that failure to punhave a had effect upon thought that General Arthough the regulations ex

any boxes are being received Virginia companies, with the to the utmost. Company I arth, probably receives more The people remarkably generous to their a field, and the supplies they would almost maintain the Sergeant Harrison, wno recent-from Franklin, whither he had the body of Private Gilery few days boxes conties of good things are re ompany. One man has just and Captain Vaughan the receipt of a box of fine has a record believed to man in the guard-house since it entered the ser-

d but three men in the other causes, and they E. Shanahan. in a few minutes, the The platform most trivial nature. It auch to say that Captain most popular officer in the pany, and none stands highgerman given by Company K, of fourth, at the Jacksonville Armory, lay night, was greatly enjoyed, and one of the most successful affairs is kind yet attempted by the soldiers. erman was led by Mr. John C. Grif-

of Petersburg's younger social set, of the best-known ladies in Jackto the Second Regiment Hospital a of blackberry wine. The gift was timely, as the wine was needed by

aptain Owens, of Company L, of the to present the regiment with a ing, but having-been forestalled by Conin Hay, wish to remember it in way. Captain Owens will recommend that they present the regiment with a State flag, and this will perhaps be done.

THE THIRD HAPPY.

Have Been Paid Off Again-Camp Alger Notes.

CAMP ALGER, July 14 .- (Special.) -- The men were repaid for their long march the Potomac and back by the appearance of the United States paymaster yes formed in line, and each man receive full month's salary, amounting to \$15.60 he boys were hard up, and the money gladly pocketed. A large amoun medium of registered letters, and will follow, until probably not over hird of the amount received by the Chaptain Ferguson has his hands busy and is surrounded by men who want their

I was over at the hospital tent this belong and there is not a patient there, belong march not seeming to have hurt men. A few came over with the tly sick, and a dose of medicine was

Setzeant Mallory, of Company M, has m he had mustered in at Fredericksz, on the way up. Most of them assigned to Company M. and this company is nearly full, only two men being needed to complete the required 196. rany K only needs one man, and the other two companies of the First Battalion have nearly enough.

TRY IT AGAIN.

Both Captain Rowe and Sergeant Mal-Rowe joined the regiment at 12 lock Monday night, having come up from Fredericksburg to relieve Lieutenant hox, who was called home by the death

Though the men were tired from the e march, Companies A and E were by General Butler to report at vision headquarters yesterday morning 8 30 o'clock, for police duty. A detail for fatigue duty: B, C, D, and E. The dewere under the command of Lieuthant Shadrack, of Company B.

BROKE CAMP.

The Eighth Pennsylvania Regiment, one of the three that accompanied us on the march yesterday, broke camp yester-day morning and moved to the Crittenden farm, near Dunn Loring, where it was reported we would also go, but the report Was a mistake. Cantain Masurier told me this morning that just as soon as he got his other two men he would recom-mend the appointment of six new cor-

Private Kauffman, of Company D, has been appointed twelfth corporal upon the recommendation of Captain Wingfield. A few men who were with the regiment march have not turned up yet, and it is thought they are having a good

time in Washington. Several stragglers came in last night.

ANGLO-AMERICAN LEAGUE. Resolutions in Favor of Interna tional Co-Operation.

LONDON, July 14.-The inaugural meet ing of the Anglo-American League was held this evening at Stafford House, under the presidency of the Duke of Sutherland, was supported by Earl Grey, the Earl | pursuits. of Jersey, Baron Farrer, Baron Brassey, Baron Tennyson, Baron Monkswall, Sir John Lubbock, Rear-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, Mr. James Bryce, author of "The American Commonwealth," and Henry M. Stanley, the explorer. Others present were the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Archbishop of York, Cardinal Vaughan, and the Duke of Westminster. On the motion of Lord Bras-

sey, the following resolution was adopted: "Considering that the peoples of the British empire and the United States are closely allied by blood, inherit the same literature and laws, hold the same principles of self-government, recognize the same ideals of freedom and humanity in the guidance of their national policy, and are drawn together by strong common interests in many parts of the world, this meeting is of opinion that every effort should be made in the interest of civilization and peace to secure the most cordial and constant co-operation on the part of the two nations."

A representative executive council was then appointed.

GERMANY AND THE PHILIPPINES. Press Discussion-"American Annex-

ation by No Means Necessary." LONDON, July 15.-The Berlin correspondent of the Times says:

"The German press is actively discuss ing the future of the Philippines. The difficulties arising out of the present state of things-of which it is asserted the Americans hardly take sufficient ac count-may foon assume alarming proportions, such indeed as may finally ne-cessitate the intervention of the Powers, whose commercial interests in the island:

"The Kreuz Zeltung points out that American annexation is by no means ne cessary, and would involve a complete change in America's naval and military system, but, it adds, 'it is evident that the Monroe doctrine has been dropped and a new policy of imperialism begun. The Stars and Stripes will shortly way over Mantia.

"It is beginning to be universally ac knowledged here that Spain can now honorably sue for peace, with every prospect of acceptance.

LATEST SPANISH PLAINT.

American Warships Use "Incendiary Projectiles."

MADRID, July 14.-The newspapers here publish a statement to the effect that the Spanish Minister of Marine has "secured proofs that the Americans used incendiary projectiles, thus explaining the burning of the Spanish ships at Cavile and Santiago de Cuba." Some of the papers urge the government not to protest to the Powers, on this subject, but to use the same weapons in Spanish ports against American shins

MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROADERS ROUTED

California Populists Nominate Fusionist for Governor.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., July 15 .- The Fusionists in the Populist State Convention last night routed the Middle-of-the-Roaders by nominating Congressman James G. Maguire for Governor, the vote standing 154 for Maguire to 135 for T. W.

The platform reaffirms the party's conviction in the principles enunciated in the national platform. An amendment to the sopular officer in the Constitution is demanded, favoring the ows better how to initiative and referendum. A demand is made that there shall be no further issue of interest-bearing bonds, and that the war against Spain should be prosecuted with vigor, but the platform deprecates the war loan.

SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS. Men to Be Taken from the Field to

Fort Monroe. (Washington Star.)

"No arrangement between the National Government and the State of Florida has been made," said Surgeon-General Sternberg, of the army, to-day, in regard to bringing the sick and wounded from Shafter's army to the ports of that State said, were simply informed that no addi-tional invalided soldiers would be taken there. It never was the intention to bring the men home via Florida, but the two vessels, the Iroquois and the Chero-kee, had left Santiago with their loads of invalids before orders to the contrary could reach General Shafter. Hereafter, so far as at present contemplated, the men from the battle-fields will be taken to Fort Monroe, and either left there or sent to some other general hospital for treatment. They will be met at Norfolk by the hospital train, which is comfortably arranged for transporting the sick and wounded to any hospital inland with-

out danger and in comparative case. Mr. Karl Rudberg, a staff surgeon in the Royal Swedish navy, who has beer to the front with General Shafter's army has returned to Washington and calle on Surgeon-General Sternberg to-day, Dr. Rudberg took an active part in caring for the sick and wounded on the battlefield, and has nothing but words of admi-ration and praise for the excellent and skilful manner in which this skilful manner in which this was done. By the aseptic method of treating the wounded, many amputations of limbs were avoided. The Doctor is also highly were avoided. The Doctor is also highly pleased with the ambulance ship Solace operated by the navy.

Pension the Old Confederates! (For the Dispatch.)

Much talk has been indulged in recently about returning the flags captured during the civil war to the Confederate veterans of the South. Many little things like this might have seen done long ago, which would have gone far toward healing the old wounds and uniting the two sections. For instance, if the Confederate dead had been gathered together in the national ceme gathered together in the national cometeries, under the Stars and Stripes, it would have been a masterly stroke of magnanimity and good policy. Tread lightly upon people's dead, speak softly of them, and you will be sure to win their effectives.

But now the United States has a most magnificent opportunity, since the war with Spain has proved the devotion of the southern people to the country. Confederate veterans and their sons are fighting side by side with Federal leaders fighting side by side with Federal leaders and their sons, such as Lee and Wheeler and Miles and Shafter, and Dewey, young Lee and Sartoris, Bagley and Hobson, and others too numerous to mention. Now is the time to fill up the breach

completely, and the way to do it is to pension the poor, old Confederates as well as the Federals. as the Federals.

Away with maudlin sympathy, such as returning flags, when there is power to render real help—sympathy that will go down through the ages like the story of

the good Samaritan RICHARD FERGUSON.

Flint Hill, Va., July 4, 1898. A Word for Imperialism.

To the Editor of the Dispatch: It is vain to say that we have no ambition to be great, unless we desire to grow backward, for we cannot be stilla nation is always either growing or dying. There are only two roads to great-ness-one is based on the army and one on the Colony. What, then, is the surest road to greatness in modern times? If

my memory serves me aright, Peter the Great chose one road at about the time England took the other, when seemingly

Russia had every advantage. What is the result? To-day, sir, the British empire is thrice the size of Europe, with treble

the population of Russia. Germany, as created by Bismarck, bases its claim to greatness on the effective strength of its army, with the result that its population is seeking homes under another flag, industry is burdened to the breaking point, agricul-ture languishes, and half of its labor is non-productive, while the temper of its people is violently diverted from peaceful We cannot read a newspaper to-day

without seeing assertions of the prepon-derance of the Anglo-Saxon. Why does he bestride the world? It is an immutable law, wide as humanity, that light shall not be hid under a bushel. The nation which has nothing to give shall not be allowed to take. While Rome could civilize and instruct, she conquered; when she could no longer give law and keep the peace, she lost the strength to slay, and I believe humbly and devoutly that the Anglo-Saxon is growing in greatness because he is the missionary of civiliza-tion, and carries the evangel of progress into the dark corners of the earth. When he ceases to do this, another will succeed to his place: while he does it, the powers of evil shall not prevail against him. Spain possessed America only to stroy. Just think of it! And Spain lost it. France seized upon the heart of the Con-

tinent, from the mouth of the Mississipp to the Pacific, and she built a line of forts from Quebec to the Ohlo; but hers was not a colonizing race, and the stars in their courses fought against her till she old an empire for the coin of commerc Why do we possess America to-day? We have a stronger title than that of the sword, and a better one that the deeds of France and Spain can convey—we have converted a wilderness into cities and farms. India was one vast slaughter-house, where priests and warriors wader in human gore, subverted industry, and robbed labor. England holds it because she keeps the peace, and allows down-trodden millions a chance to look upward and grow in heart and mind-each after his own kind. She holds Australia and the isles of the sea by the same title She has taken all of Africa that is worth having for the benefit of mankind. She will continue to acquire till she has los the power to enlighten and develop.

These great movements are determined

by the power that marks out the path for the comet and enforces natural laws We are at the parting of the ways in ou history. We have accepted Hawaii; shal we accept Porto Rico, the Carolines, and Philippines? If we do, it is called imperialism! Democracy boasted of acquiring very foot of territory belonging to th United States, save Alaska. But for De-mocracy Florida would have been our southern and the Mississippi river out western boundaries. Call it imperialism, if ou choose, then, Call it what you will. nation of faultfinders and obstructionists may suggest or invent, the people of the United States are determined that the blood of their brave soldiers shall not be shed in vain. There will be a demand for indemnity-not that Spanish territory or Spanish gold can recompense the mothers and fathers of the soldiers whose lives have been already lost and those that will be. This loss is beyond and above computation in dollars and cents. If Spain, with all her jewels and her gold and her territory were put up on the auction block and sold to the highest bidder, the price given would be no recompense for the life of even a single one of the chivalric private soldiers who sallied forth at Santiago unarmed, but facing death to remove the barbed-wire trochas, and render it possible for their comrades to fellow on and dislodge the Spanish soldiers from their entrenched

But there will be indemnity! If I means the Philippines for American pos-sessions, then the Philippines will be ours It will be an indemnity that will humble Spanish pride. It will be an indemnit, that will wound the superstitious regard for Spanish honor. It will be an indemnity that will relieve the world of Spanish barbarism. Her Colonial possessions have for hundreds of years been the theatre of cruelty and inhumanity, from which all Christendom recoils. These things will be no more. The hundreds of thousands of American soldiers and seamen who are marching under the folds of the Star-Spangled Banner are singing the battle-cry of freedom. Breathes there a man with soul so dead that he is not thrilled brough and through under the inspiration of such a scene as that described one of the accompaniments of th sault upon Santiago by General Shafter

and his matchess men?

In a great national contest, led by such heroes as Dewey, Schley, and Hobson, and by soldiers such as the invincibles with Shafter, Lee, Wheeler, and Lawton, what can the incorrigible grumblers and and his matchless men? faultfinders, who are vainly endeavoring to block the wheels of progress, hope to accomplish? As well might a covey of grasshoppers defy a Kansas cyclone. The man who does it will soon be lost among the decaying debris of antiquity, and the party that undertakes it will soon find itself a wanderer on the treeless and leafless desert of everlasting oblivion. The finger of destiny is pointing unerring-ly to new highways to national greatness, and the revolution of 1898, ushered in with Dewey's booming guns on the first day of May at Manila harbor, will mark the

of May at Mania harbor, will mark the birthday of one of the most important epochs in the world's history. This war will go on until Spain cries hold, enough! When it is over Cuba will be free; Porto Rico will no longer be a Spanish province, and there will be safe harbor in the Philippines for Ameri can ships at all times and on all occa sions, If we want a foothold on the Ca have a merchant marine to carry our products to Oriental markets, products to Oriental markets, and to bring back such of the products of Oriental countries as we may need in our busi-

Let the score or two of politicians at Washington who are floundering in the darkness, seeking after campaign issues, while our soldiers are sweltering in the heat of a tropical climate, stop such foolishness. The decree has gone forth, and if they imagine that they can revoke it, they know even less than they have been generally credited with. Yes, let obstructionists lugubriously howl about the awful consequences of so-called "im-perialism." The people of this republic are not going to relax their efforts, or halt on the pathway of duty, because politicians, in search of hindering obsta-cles to throw in the way of the powers that be, are ransacking their lexicons for reputsive words.

JOSEPH H. SHEPHERD.

Varied Check Stamps.

(Boston Transcript.)
There are stamps and stamps, and the banks are wrathfully aware that there are. The report of one Boston bank for stamps received on checks is this; Internal revenue stamps of 1890.

Regular postage stamps.

Omaha postage stamps. Proprietary stamps. Documentary stamps of 1898. Postage-due stamps. The receipts of two 1-cent "postage due" on a check broke the record. How any-body outside of the Post-Office Department could have had them in possession to

put on is now the mystery. Colonel Hallowell, formerly of Wichita Kan., who died the other day, was the opponent of Mr. Jerry Simpson when that Populist first ran for Congress, and was the originator of the nickname "Sockless"

The Wentworth Home for the Aged, in | Less | Dover, N. H., has just been dedicated. It is the gift of Arioch Wentworth of Boston, who was born near Dover.

The Climate of Cuba.

Because of frequent rains in Cuba malarial-fevers are a common ailment there, just as they are in many sections of the United States. Allments of this kind, no matter in what part of the globe they occur, are cuickly cured with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Besides being a specific for malarial troubles, these Bitters also make pure blood, strong nerves and muscles, and firm, healthy fiesh. They have no equal for dyspepsia and consti-pation.

STOCKS SHOOT

THIS ON NEWS OF THE SURRENDER OF SANTIAGO.

GAINS NEARLY A POINT.

in Omaha and Hawaii Commercial They Exceed Two Points-Absorption of War Loan by Small Sub-

scriptions.

NEW YORK, July 14.-The stock market showed a firm resistance to pressure all day, and when the news was received that Santiago had surrendered on our terms, a vigorous upward movement set in, which wiped out a large part of the osses incurred in yesterday's bear raid. The fear of the introduction of yellowfever into this country, if it should gain a foothold among our forces, had as much to do with yesterday's decline as had the fears of a military setback. This was indicated by the sharp recovery to-day in such stocks as Louisville and Nashville and Southern Railway preferred. There was a brief period of depression at the opening, due to sympathy with London, where the belief prevailed that the Spanlards would refuse to surrender Santiago, and thus necessitate a long siege.

Net gains in the more active stocks were nearly a point, and in some cases-notably, Omaha and Hawalian Commer-

ial, the gains exceeded 2 points.

The entire absorption of the government loan by small subscriptions seems practically assured. There is no doubt that this will release considerable sums of money held by banks, corporations, and syndicates as reserves against bids for large amounts of the bonds. As an object-lesson of the resources of the courtry, this absorption of a \$200,000,000 loan pearing interest below the savings-bank rate, is a good showing. Bonds were active. Total sales, \$3,920,000. United States 5's and the old 4's, coupon declined 1-4 in the bid price.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE. Money on call steady at 1911-2 per cent. ast loan at 11-2 per cent.; prime merinst loan at 11-2 per cent.

cantile paper, 31-2@41-4 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.85.3-4@\$4.85 for demand and at \$4.841-2@\$4.84.3-4 for sixty days; posted rates, \$4.85.1-2@\$4.87; commercial bills, \$4.85.3-4.

Silver certificates, 59 1-8659 1-2; bar sil-

	Milyer Continues of the section
9	ver, 591-8; Mexican dollars, 451-2.
į	Covernment bonds weak.
	NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.
i	Closing.
П	1556
S	A tentsen, Topeks and Santa Fe 1586
4	Atchison, preferred
П	Canaga Pacific 83%
y	Canada Southern
9	Canada Southern 14
V	Canada Southers
ı	Chesare and Adon 159 Chicage and Adon 169
	Chicago, Jurington and Quincy
	Chicago and Eastern Himots 5516
	Chicago and Eastern Innois
ij	C. C. C. and St. Louis
-	C. C. C. and St. Louis preserved 106
,	Delaware and Hudson 106 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western 156
9	
į.	
ø	
	Lage Shore 189
•	Lake Shore. 189 Louisville and Nashville
9	Michigan Cantest
ď	
	Munnagora and St. Louis 1st Drafeffed 9079
П	Micseuri Pacing

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

 Adams Express.
 100

 American Express.
 130

 United States Express.
 41

 Wells Fargo Express.
 117

MISCELL ANEOUS.

American Cotton Oil 2014
American Spirits 1244
American Spirits preferred 3514
American Spirits preferred 3514
American Tobacco Co. 121
American Tobacco Co. 121
American Tobacco Co. 123
People's Gas. 9514

Accussor and Accus

East 1 duaseset 739
EW & D. 1sts. L. T. 756
General Etc. 476 52 103, 6, E. & 5, 4, 6 5 104
G. E. & 5, 4, 6 5 104
G. H. & N. A. 245 103
H. & T. Central 5 5 104
E. & T. Central cou. 6 5 111
East 1 125 105

Iowa C. Ists.... Logistana new consols, 4's....

*Quotations are for bonds maturing in not less than ten years. Missouri K. and T. preferred..... Missouri, R. and T. preferred 3.74
New Albany and Chicago ... 10
New Albany and Chicago preferred 20
New Jerset Central ... 10
New Jerset Central ... 1184
New York Chicago and St. L. 18t preferred ... 70
N. Y. Chicago and St. L. 18t preferred ... 33
Northwest St. 10
North American Company ... 484
North American Company ... 484
2014 Richmond, Va., July 14, 1898.

Richmond, Va., July 14, 1898.

Quotations: Wheat—Longberry, 77 to 83c.; mixed, 75 to 83c.; shortberry, 72 to 83c.; no. 2 red, 82 to 83c. Corn—White Virginia, bag lots, 49c.: No. 2 white, 391-2c.; No. 3 white, 39c.; No. 2 mixed, 38c.; No. 3 mixed, 371-2c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 271-2c., No. 3 mixed, 27c. Rye—No. 2, 48 to 50c. Northern Pacific orelected

Northern Pacific orelected
Ontario and Western
Oregon & and Nav
Oregon Short Line

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

Richmond, Va., July 14, 1838.

Private sales to-day were as follows: Fillers, 132 hogsheads; leaf (dark), 4 hogsheads; scraps, 2 hogsheads. Total number of hogsheads sold during the day, 138.

United States internal-revenue collections for the city of Richmond to-day were: Tobacco, \$3,377.76; cigars, \$364.8f.

Total, \$3,742.90.

Crenshaw's Warehouse reports 10 hogsheads delivered.

The total number of packages sold on Change to-day was 74. Here is a detail report of the sale: Frazer & Tompkins—No. 1, \$1,76; No. 2, \$6.25; No. 3, \$6; No. 4, \$7.59; No. 5, \$1; No. 6, \$1.0, \$3.10, \$3.50, \$3

American Tobacco Co. 123
American Tobacco Co. 123
American Tobacco Co. 123
People's Gas. 9946
Consolidated Gas. 198
Com Cable Company 175
Col. Fuel & 1 20
Col. Fuel & 1 20
General Electric 99
General Electric 99
General Electric 99
La Cleic Gas. 99
La Cleic Gas. 90
Lead Trus: 34
Lead voierred 1079
National Liuseed Oil 13
Pacific Mail. 93
Facilic Mail. 93
Facilic Gas. 90946
Silver Cortineates 5095
Standard Kope and Twine 6
Americas Sugar Redinery 13446
Americas Sugar Redinery 13446
T. C. and fron 95
U. S. Leather 97
U. S. Leather 97
U. S. Leather 97
Western Union 924
Western Union 924
Ki. Louis and Southwestern 515
St. Louis and Southwestern 154
Kingrande and Western 91
Chicago and Northwestern 173
Chicago and Northwestern 173
Chicago and Northwestern 173 NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET. about steady.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Flour—Dull and about steady.

Rye Flour—Easy,
Coromeal—Dull.

Rye—Quiet; No. 2, 49c.
Barley—Nominal.
Barley Mait—Dull.

Flaxseed—Nominal at \$1.101-2.
Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red. 871-2988c.
Options opened steady, but quiet. Thereafter they ruled inactive, but maintained a substantial undertone, on wet weather predictions, covering, bullish Price Current report, foreign buying, and export business, closing 1-43-8c. higher on all but July. which was 1-4c. net lower.
Sales included No. 2 red. July, closing 801-4c.; September closed 723-4c.; December closed 725-8c.

Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 371-2c. Options steady all day on dry-weather news and the improvement in wheat, closing 1-8c. net higher; July closed 355-8c.; September closed 353-8c.; December closed 355-8c.

Oats—Spot duil; No. 2, 27c. Options dull

275-8c.
Oats—Spot dull; No. 2, 27c. Options dull and nominally lower, in the absence of speculative demand, closing 7-8c. net lower; July closed 26c.

er; July closed 20; Beef-Steady, Cut Meats-Steady, Lard-Firm; western steamed closed 5.871-2; city at 34.9925.10; July closed 5.85, nominally; refined firm. Pork-Firm.

Petroleum-Steady. Rosin-Steady.

Rosin—Steady. Turpentine—Quiet. Rice—Steady. Cabbage—Steady; Long Island, \$1631.25.

Coffee-Options opened quiet at un

THE DRY-GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK. July 14—The market for dry-goods is still a formative one. Actual daily results, while heavy enough to give a basis for future belief in the market for fail goods, are not heavy enough to satisfy sellers. There is a sprinkling of buyers in town, but they are got enthusiastic or liberal. The reports from road salesmen are, in general, fairly good. Mail orders

M. G. W. latt.

St. L. & I. M. consol 5's.

St. P. & P. goneral 6's.

St. Paul Consols

St. P. C. & P. lats.

St. Paul C. & P. lats.

St. Paul C. & P. 5's.

Standard Rope and Twine 6's.

Tennessee new sottlement 3's

Tennessee new sottlement 3's

Tennessee new sottlement 3's

Tennessee new sottlement 3's

U. P., Deover and Guif lats.

Wabash 1st 5's.

Wabash 2ds.

West Shore 4's

Virginia Centuries

Virginia Centuries

Virginia deferred

Mobile and Onio 4's

Norfolk and Western, preferred

Central of Georgia 1st.

Central of Georgia 1st.

Central of Georgia 2d

Union Pacific 4's Oats-Steady; No. 2 white, 20@31c. Rye-Firm; No. 2, near-by, 501-2c.; No. western, 52c. Grain Freights-In better request bu unchanged. Sugar-Strong and unchanged.

RICHMOND STOCK MARKET. RICHMONE, July 14, 1894. SALES.-Virginia Centuries-200 at 7114-

Virginia Centuries-1.500 at 71%. Richmond city 4's-460 at 101%. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. United States 4's 1907 110% STATE SECUR TIES. North Carolina 4's....

CITY SECURITIES. Richmond city 8's..... RAILROAD BONDS. Atlanta & Charlotte 1st 7's..... 117

Georgia, Southern & Fiorida 5's 103 111 121 123 70 Southern Mariway, 1st o's...... Western North Carolina 1st 6's, 105 103 105

Norfolk Street Railway 1st. 5's. 100 10114 RAILROAD STOCKS. Par. Atlanta and Charlott 100
Chesabeage and Onio 100
North Carolina 100
Northola and Western pref. 100

Georgia, Southern and Florida common...... Norfolk Street hallway Co.

BANK STOCKS Citizens Exchange 25 City Banz 25
First National 100
Metropolitan 25
National Bank of Va. 100
Planters National Bank 100
Planters National Bank 100
Potersourg Savings and Insurance Company 20
Security 100 28 160 170 102 Security..... 100 State Bank of Virginia..... 100

Union Bank of Richmond....50 Virginia Trust Company....100 Savings Bank of Richmond...25 Rich. Trust and Safe Dep. Co. 11236 106 10410 INSURANCE COMPANIES. Virginia fire and Marine.... 25 Virginia State............ 25 MISCRLI ANBOUS. American Tobacco Compa-

12716 Ya.-Carolina Chemical pref. 100
Ya.-Carolina Chemical com. 100
Va.-Carolina Chemical com. 100

..100 120

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 14.-Flour-Dull and

Butter-Firm; western creamery, 131-26

Butter—Firm; western creamery, 13 1-26, 7c.; do. factory, 11@12 3-4c.; Elgins, 17c. mitation creamery, 12@14 1-2c.; State lairy, 12 1-2@16c.; do. creamery, 14c. Cheese—Quiet; large white, fancy, 7c. Eggs—Firm; State and Pennsylvania, 2@13c.; western fresh, 14c. Potatoes—Steady; new, \$2.75@33.

Freights to Liverpool-Dull. Cottonseed-Oil-A triffe easier and very dull: prime crude. 181-2c., nominally; prime summer yellow, 232-2c.; butter oil,

changed prices to 5 points lower; ruled inactive, with weak undertone, following a bearish set of cables from foreign mara bearish set of cables from foreign markets, heavy Brazilian receipts, light spot demand, and small warehouse deliveries. Close quiet and unchanged to 5 points lower; sales. 4,500 bags, including September at 35,5945,60; December. \$5,70. Spot Rio dull and nominal; mild inactive. Sugar-Raw firm, tending upward; fair refining. 31-2c.; centrifugal. 96 degrees test, 41-8c.; refined firm.

THE DRY-GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The market for

have done much to bring the week's average up to a reasonable figure. BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET. BALTIMORE, July 14.-Flour-Dull and wheat-Easy; spot, 823-4@83c.; the month, 896391-4c.; August, 70673 3-4c.; southern wheat, by sample, 77684c. Corn-Easy; spot, 35625 3-8c.; he month, 35635 1-4c.; August, 351-2635 5-8c.; September, 39636 1-4c.; southern white corn, 28c.

WHEAT-NO. 2.

CORN-No. 2.

July 31%

Dec 3256 May 2434

OATS-No. 2.

MESS PORK-Per Hot.

LARD-Per 100 IDA

SHORT KIRS-Per 100 lbs.

Sugar-Strong and unchanged. Butter-Steady and unchanged. Eggs-Firm and unchanged. Cheese-Steady and unchanged. Lettuce-\$1.10931.15 per basket. Whiskey-Unchanged.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 14.-Unfavorable thresh

ing returns and disappointing crop news caused covering by shorts to-day in wheat. September advanced 1-861-1-6. Corn rose 1-463-8c., and cats 1-8c. Pork and ribs gained 21-2c. each, and lard 5c. The leading futures ranged as follows

July 8..... 8..... 9.7714 Sept...... 9.90 10.00 9,05 9.925

Sept....... \$5.60 \$5.65 \$5.5716 \$5.65 Oct....... 5.62)6 5.70 5.62)6 5.70

Sept, \$5.60 \$5.67% \$5.60 \$5.67% Oct, 5.70

THE COUTON MARKETS.

Totals since September 1st: Net receipts, 8,481.094 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 3,442.951 bales; to France, 812.516 bales; to the Continent, 2,946,994 bales.

NAVAL-STORE MARKETS.

Opening. Highest Lowest. Closing

74 72% 73% 6814446 6674 675445 6774 6774 677445

19 19%ahi 21% 21%ahi

RICHMOND, VA.

Acts in all Trust Capacities as Trustee, Guardian, Receiver, Executor, &c., &c.
Manages Estates, Collects Incomes,
Receives Deposits, and Allows Interest on Daily Balances.

Interni. Acts as Registrar and Transfer Agent, and as Fiscal Agent for Cities and Corporations. President, - - - John Skelton Williams.

Lends Money on Approved Col-

(jy 3-Su, W&F) TYPHOID FEVER leaves the system

MAKES! CHILDREN

IS JUST AS COOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen: --We sold last year, 630 bottles of
GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have
bought three gross siready this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have
never sold an article that gave such universal sottle
faction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ANNEY, CARR & CO-

(je 7-Tu&F6m)

Some Plain Facts. (West Point Plein-Dealer.)

bales; to the Continent, 2,946,994 bales.
Cotton futures opened steady; sales, 2,300 bales; July, 36; August, 35,95; September, 36,97; October, 36,97; November, 86,96; December, 36,10; January, 36,13; February, 36,16; March, 36,20; April, 36,23.
Futures closed steady; sales, 73,500 bales; July, 36,97; August, 36,98; September, 36,97; October, 36,98; November, 36,98; December, 36,11; January, 36,15; February, 36,18; March, 36,22; April, 36,24; Spot closed dull; middling uplands, 6,3-16c.; middling Gulf, 6,7-16c.; sales, 419 bales. the article appended, on our editorial of ast week regarding the trade of this region with the capital city, states some plain facts that ought to impress the business-men of that city. Our people from this entire region, even

rels.

PETERSBURG TOBACCO MARKET.

PETERSBURG, VA., July 14. (Special.)

Market quiet and easier; receipts good.

Quotations: Common to medium lugs, 21-2

to 4c.; good to fine lugs, 5 to 7c.; poor

short leaf, 3 to 5c.; fair to good short
leaf, 6 to 3c.; medium to good wrappers,

9 to 10c.; good to fine wrappers, 15 to 20c.;

medium to good shipping, 11 to 13c.; good

to fine, shipping, 14 to 16c.

NORFOLK, VA., July 14.—(Special.)— Pennuts-Farmers' market quiet; fancy, 23-4c.; strictly prime, 31-2c.; prime, 3% 31-4c.; common, 235c.; Spanish, 70c. Light demand for all grades. pears seeking trade, the mere mention of the name will at once carry weight with PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET. PETERSBURG, VA., July 14.—(Special.) Virginias dull; prime, 31-4c.; extra prime, 11-2c.; fancy, 33-4c.; Spanish nominal at

PETERSBURG COTTON MARKET. PETERSBURG, VA., July 14.—(Special.) Cotton—Quiet at 6c. for good lots.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NORFOLK PEANUT MARKET.

MINIATURE ALMANAC, JULY 15, 1898. PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, JULY 14

Steamer St. Irene, Pensacola. Steamer Resolute, Charleston. Schooner E. R. Hunt. Providence. Schooner Viator, Washington. SAILEL.

(By telegraph.)

ARRIVED.

Steamer Ben Coriee, Brunswick, Steamer Appomattox, London, Steamer St. Irene, Rotterdam, Schooner George P. Davenport, Bangor Barge D. S. Tenney, Boston. Barge Caravan, Providence, PORT OF BERMUDA HUNDRED, VA. JULY 14, 1898. (By telegraph.)

ARRIVED. Schooner Mary Weaver, Miller; to load SAILED.

Schooner C. G. Cramner, Toben, hum-ber, Baltimore, Md. PORT OF WEST POINT, VA., JULY 14. (By telegraph.)

ARRIVED. Steamship Accomack, Thompson, Nor-folk, passengers and general cargo. SAILED.
Steamship Accomack, Thompson, Norfolk, passengers and general cargo,

RICHMOND TRUST

FINANCIAL.

SAFE DEPOSIT CO., Northwest Cor. Tenth and Main Sts.

James H. Dooley, Vice-Presidents, Frank A. Dayenport. Sec'y and Treas'r. Henry Landon Cabell,

LIQUID PEPTONE Requires no further digestion—passes at into the circulation—given natural vigor mediately. Contains no drugs or chemis STRVENON & JESTER CO., Chemists, Philadel

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 yellow corn, 321-40321-2c. No. 2 spring wheat (old), 80c.; No. 3 spring wheat (old), 50c.; No. 3 spring wheat (old), 50c.; No. 2 red (new), 75c. No. 2 corn, 320321-8c. No. 2 cats, 23c.; No. 2 white, 251-2025-3-4c.; No. 3 white, 256-25c. No. 2 rye, 460661-2c. No. 2 barley, 3140-34c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.041-2. Prime timothy seed, \$2.25. Mess pork, per barrel, \$9.804.95. Lard, per 109 pounds, \$5.50; \$5.90. Short rib sides (loose), \$5.45045-75; dry-salted shoulders (boxed), \$4.7545; short clear sides (boxed), \$4.7545; short clear sides (boxed), \$4.036.20. Sugar, cut-lonf, unchanged. Butter in brisk demand; creamery, 12016c.; dairy, 110131-2c. Eggs firm; fresh, 111-2c. THE COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 14.—4 P. M.—Cotton—
Spot in fair demand; prices steady; American middling, 3 15-32d. The sales of the day were 19,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export, and included 9,300 bales American; receipts, 8,000 bales, including 7,100 bales American.

Futures opened steady, with a moderate demand, and closed quiet; American middling, low-middling clause, July, 3 25-646, 3 26-64d, buyers; July and August, 3 25-646, 3 26-64d, buyers; August and September, 3 24-646d, 25-646d, buyers; September and October, 3 22-6463, 24-64d, buyers; November and December, 3 22-64d, sellers; December and January, 3 22-64d, sellers; Jenuary and February, 3 22-64d, buyers; February and March, 3 22-646d, buyers; February and March, 3 22-646d, buyers; February and March, 3 23-646d, 24-64d, buyers; March and April, 3 23-6463 23-64d, buyers; March and April, 3 23-6463 23-64d, buyers; March and April, 3 23-646d, buyers; Sellers; April and May, 3 24-64d, buyers.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New YORK, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New YORK, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New YORK, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 61-16f, page 12-26, buyers; New York, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middless 11-26f, page 12-26f, buyers; Nov Page seliers; April and May, 3 24-64d, buyers.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Cotton—Dull; middling, 61-16c; net receipts, 72 bales; gross receipts, 977 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 411 bales; to France, 250 bales; sales, 419 bales; spinners, 119 bales; stock, 105-461 bales.

Totals to-day: Net receipts, 442 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 879 bales; to France, 250 bales; to the Continent, 3,250 bales; stock, 279-485 bales.

Consolidated: Net receipts, 7,814 bales; exports—to Great Britain, 3,326 bales; to France, 265 bales; to the Continent, 17,433 bales.

The Richmond Dispatch commenting, in

down to the bay, can reach Richmond more quickly, either by mail, 'phone. in person, and in the latter case, at less NEW ORLEANS, July 14.-Cotton futures dull; sales, 2,300 bales; July, \$5,70 bid; August, \$5,67@\$5.68; September, \$5,67@\$5.68; October, \$5,68@\$5.69; November, \$5,70@\$5.72; December, \$5,74@\$5.75; January, cost, than they can reach any other city. From the King and Queen Peninsula, as far down as the lower end of Gloucester \$5.77@\$5.79; February, \$5.80@\$5.82; March, \$5.84@\$5.86. county, people can leave home in the morning and have more than six hours in Richmond for trading, and return home CHARLESTON, S. C., July 14.—Turpen-tine—Firm at 23 1-2c.; sales, none. Rosin—Quiet; sales, hone; A, B, C, and D, 96c.; E, \$1. F, \$1.05; G, \$1.29; H, \$1.35; I, \$1.35; K, \$1.40; M, \$1.45; N, \$1.50; win-low-glass, \$1.75. the same night without great inconveni-ence or incurring hotel or other large ex-

penses.

The Plain-Dealer has had a good deal of advertising from Baltimore and Norfolk houses frequently, and has carried also a number of Richmond advertisements, and what we said last week was not complain-SAVANNAH, GA., July 14.-Spirits of SAVANNAH. GA., July 14.—Spirits of Turpentine—243-4c.; sales, 718 casks, of which 422 casks were at 241-4c., and 296 casks at 241-2c. After the close sales were made at 25c.; receipts, 1.515 casks.

Rosin—Firm; sales, 1.209 barrels; receipts, 5.344 barrels; A. B. C., and D. 85c.; E. \$1.05; P. \$1.15; G. \$1.20; H and I. \$1.40; K. \$1.45; M. \$1.50; N. \$1.60; window-glass, \$1.75; water-white, \$1.85.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 14.—Spirits of Turpentine—Firm at 24@231-2c.; receipts, 230 casks. ing, as our esteemed neighbor seems to have thought-for that is not our disposi-tion, but we were alming to correct a wrong impression as to the existing opportunities of Richmond business-men to secure a greater trade in this region than they now have, and to point the fact that the real cause is lack of effort on their own part. By personal correspondence, the editor laid these matters before the Turpentine—Firm at 24@231-2c.; re-eipts, 230 casks. Rosin—Steady at 95c.@\$1; receipts, 874 Chamber of Commerce in Richmond long ago, and has personally endeavored, in mixing with the people of Tidewater so arrels. Crude Turpentine-Firm at \$1, \$1.50, and \$1.50; receipts, 61 barrels. Tar—Steady at \$1.25; receipts, 145 barmixing with the people of Indewater so constantly, to turn to our metropolis the trade that naturally belongs to her. Seventy-five per cent, of the drummers who cover this ferritory represent Baltimore and Norfolk houses, and a glimpso at the advertising columns of the weekly covers circulating here show about the rines it is so well known that it doesn't

SUFFOLK PEANUT MARKET.

SUFFOLK, VA., July 14—(Special.)—
Hand-picked, fancy, 41-2c.; extra, 35-8c.; Virginia shelled, No. 1, 31-2c.; No. 2, 21-4c.; Spanish shelled, No. 1, 41-2c.; farmers' stock, fancy, 31-2c.; prime, 22-4 to 2c.; farmers' Spanish, 75 to 80c.

NORFOLK PEANUE. house so familiar to the merchants and the masses that when your drummer ap-

> It is a mistake, too, to assume that the city papers covers the entire field. This is said in no spirit of jeacusy. Even they are none too well patronized, but it is indisputable that the local weekly paper is the only secular paper that is regularly read in the majority of country homes. It gives the home news in which they are

It gives the home news in which they are most interested, as no other does.

Soon after it was established, in 1839, the Plain Dealer was adopted by the Supervisors as the official paper of King William county, and has been such ever since and there is not a post-office in the county where it does not circulate, besides having general circulation in the neighboring counties. It has no complaints or whines to voice. Its success it gratifying, yet we are anxious, of course, to increase our efficiency and patronage. We have thus spoken however, unselfishly, first in the interest of ever, unselfishly, first in the interest of trade development, and second, in the interest of the local weekly newspaper at large as a medium of advertising, not to be neglected when the best results are

High Church Anglicans are much disturbed over the course of Archishop Temple of Canterbury recently in visiting the General Assembly of the Established of Scotland (Presbyterian) and accepting an invitation to speak at one of its ses-

Prince Henry of Prussia has received a number of valuable presents form sev-eral Chinese magnates, including a scepter of dark-colored jasper about 2,000 years old, over a dozen pieces of porcelain ornaments of gold or white jade.

Bears the Bignature Clart Flutchire of Cay 18-W. F. a bat to